Questions

Q1.	
Issues	and impact
Studen	ts are asked to sign an acceptable use policy.
Explair	one way that an acceptable use policy helps to protect student data.
	(2)
	(Total for question = 2 marks)
02.	
Q2.	and impact
Issues	and impact
Issues	y the ethical issue associated with the use of artificial intelligence.
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Issues	y the ethical issue associated with the use of artificial intelligence.
Issues Identify	y the ethical issue associated with the use of artificial intelligence.
Issues Identify	y the ethical issue associated with the use of artificial intelligence. (1) Acceptable use policies
Issues Identify A B	the ethical issue associated with the use of artificial intelligence. (1) Acceptable use policies Algorithmic bias

(Total for question = 1 mark)

Q3.

Here is an algorithm.

```
myNumber = ∅
1
 2
      myNumber = int (input ("Enter a whole number between 1 and 100:"))
 3
       if (myNumber < 1):
 5
           print ("Too low")
 6
       elif (myNumber > 100):
 7
           print ("Too high")
8
       elif (myNumber % 10 == 0):
9
           print ("Nice round number")
10
       elif (myNumber == 100):
11
           print ("That's the biggest number")
12
       else:
13
           print ("Good choice")
14
```

Complete the table to show the output for the given input.

(4)

Input	Output
200	
33	
100	
0	

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q4.

Private Postal People (P-Cubed)

Private Postal People (P-Cubed) is a national delivery service specialising in small letters, large letters, small packages, and medium packages. The company has regional depots across the

country. The company runs a fleet of delivery vans. It uses technology to help run the business. It does not deliver internationally.

P-Cubed has 2000 employees, some based in the head office, some working in the regional sorting offices and some driving the delivery vans.

During the period leading up to the Christmas holidays, P-Cubed hires temporary staff. Staff are hired for each of the six weeks prior to Christmas week.

Here is the pseudo-code for an algorithm that calculates the number of additional staff needed for each week.

```
2 # Percentage of staff needed in 6 weeks prior to Christmas
3 SET weekNumber TO ["-6", "-5", "-4", "-3", "-2", "-1"]
4 SET staffRates TO [105, 110, 115, 120, 125, 130]
5 SET goodInput TO False
7 # Validate the input
8 WHILE (goodInput = False) DO
9
      SEND "Please enter the number of staff on week -7" TO DISPLAY
      RECEIVE currentCount FROM (INTEGER) KEYBOARD
11
     IF (currentCount >= 200) THEN
          SET goodInput TO True
14
          SEND "Staff on week -7 is " & currentCount TO DISPLAY
     ELSE
16
          SEND "Invalid input" TO DISPLAY
     END IF
18 END WHILE
19
20 # Print requirements
21 FOR i FROM 0 TO (LENGTH (weekNumber) -1)
       SET percentage TO staffRates[i] / 100
      SET neededStaff TO currentCount * percentage
24
      SEND "Week " & i & "needs " & neededStaff & "staff" TO DISPLAY
25 END FOR
```

Complete the trace table to show execution of lines 21 to 25 of the pseudo-code for the fourth week before Christmas when the user enters the value 300.

(6)

currentCount	i	LENGTH(weekNumber)	percentage	staffRates[i]	neededStaff

(Total for question = 6 marks)

Computational thinking

Margaret owns an ice-cream shop.

This program manipulates sales figures from Margaret's shop.

```
2 num = 0
 3 \times = 999
 4 y = 0
 5 line = ""
7 f = open("SalesFile.txt", "r")
8 for line in f:
      num = int(line)
10
       if num < x:</pre>
11
           x = num
12
       if num > y:
13
           y = num
14 print(x, y)
15 f.close()
```

The only inputs from the file to the program are 355, 554, 199 and 409.

X

Complete the trace table showing the execution of the program with these four inputs.

You may not need to fill in all the rows in the table.

num

у

(6)

Display

Q6.

Margaret's Ice Cream Kiosk

Margaret runs an ice cream kiosk in a seaside town. She makes and sells ice cream. She also sells sweets, hot and cold drinks, and cookies.

A pseudocode algorithm that manipulates sales figures is shown.

```
2 SET num TO 0
   SET x TO 999
 4 SET y TO 0
 5
 6
   FOR EACH num FROM "SalesFile.txt" DO
 7
       IF (num < x) THEN
 8
           SET x TO num
 9
       IF (num > y) THEN
           SET y TO num
10
11
   END FOREACH
12
13 SEND x & " " & y TO DISPLAY
```

(i) The first four inputs from the file to the algorithm are 355, 554, 199, and 409.

Complete the trace table showing the execution of the pseudocode with these four inputs. You may not need to fill in all the rows in the table.

(6)

num	x	у	Display

(ii)	State the purp	oose of this algorit	hm.			
						(1)
				(Total fo	v guestien – 7 m	n rka)
				(TOLAT TO	or question = 7 m	ai KS)

Q7.

The Airport

An international airport uses a variety of computer systems to deal with passengers, flights and employees.

A train runs from the airport to the city centre. Passengers purchase tickets from a ticket machine at the station. Journeys must start within two hours of purchasing a ticket.

The ticket machine executes a program to determine the amount and type of change returned when a passenger purchases a ticket.

Here is the code that determines the amount and type of change.

```
3
    SET change TO payment - cost
 4
    SET pence TO change * 100
 5
    SET tens TO pence DIV 1000
    SET pence TO pence MOD 1000
7
    SET fives TO pence DIV 500
8
    SET pence TO pence MOD 500
    SET ones TO pence DIV 100
9
    SET ones TO pence MOD 100
10
11
    SET fiftyP TO pence DIV 50
12
    SET pence TO pence MOD 50
13
    SET twentyP TO pence DIV 20
    SET pence TO pence MOD 20
14
15
    SET tenP TO pence DIV 10
    SET pence TO pence MOD 10
16
    SET fiveP TO pence DIV 5
17
    SET pence TO pence MOD 5
18
19
```

(i) Explain why integer division (DIV) and modulus (MOD) rather than division (/) are used in this algorithm.

	(2)
(ii) Complete the trace table showing the execution of the code when change $= 17.55$	
You may not need to fill in all the rows in the table.	

(5)

pence	tens	fives	ones	fiftyP	twentyP	tenP	fiveP
1755							

(Total for question = 7 marks)

Q8.

A computer programmer uses a programming language to write a stock control program for The HappyPetBox Company.

Here is a pseudo-code algorithm that identifies which product has the fewest sales in the month.

```
# HappyPetBox Stock Control
   # Sales in one month for each product
   ‡ Cat, Small dog, Medium dog, Large dog
   SET sales TO [55,65, 40, 45]
9 SET lowest TO 100
10 SET count TO 0
11
   SET boxID TO 0
12
   FOR count FROM 0 TO 3 DO
14
      IF sales[count] < lowest THEN
15
           SET lowest TO sales[count]
          SET boxID TO count
      END IF
18 END FOR
19
20
```

(i) Complete the table to identify line numbers for each feature of the program.

(4)

Program feature	Line number(s)
Indentation	
Iteration	
Comments	
Data structure	

(ii) Complete the trace table to show the execution of the pseudo-code. You may not need to fill in all the rows in the table.

(5)

count	sales[count]	lowest	boxID

(Total for question = 9 marks)

Mark Scheme

Q1.

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
	Award 1 mark for the identification of a way (1) with a linked justification/exemplification (1), up to a maximum of 2 marks.		(2)
	 Students are deterred from unsafe practices (1) because consequences are clarified (1). People follow safe/good practices (1) because permitted activities are defined/set out (1). Accept any other appropriate response.		

Q2.

Question	Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		Guidance	
	B Algorithmic bias		
	A is not correct because AUPs are not an		
	ethical issue associated with the use of		
	artificial intelligence		
	C is not correct because logic errors		
	are not an ethical issue associated		
	with the use of artificial intelligence		_
	D is not correct because unpatched software is		1
	not an ethical issue associated with the use of		
	artificial intelligence		

Question Number	Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
	One for eac	ch correct cell.	Ignore spelling	
	Input	Output	1	
	200	Too high (1)		
	33	Good choice (1)		
	100	Nice round number (1)		
	0	Too low (1)		
			-	
				4

Q4.

Question Number	Answer					Addition	nal Guidance	Mark
	One mark for currentCount			cell. H(weekNumber)	1	V 2 ()	the alculation is rong on line 2 percentage), ward a	
	300	2		6		f	ollow	
							hrough to	
	percentage	staffi	Rates[i]	neededStaff			ne 23	
	1.15	1	15	345			neededStaff	
						р • Д е	300 * ercentage) ward quivalent xpressions	6

Question number	Answer				Additional guidance	Mark		
	1 mark for each con	r initialisir rrect pass	_	 Award alternative version of the trace table if corresponding of For example, copying of 	ect.			
	num	х	у	Display	Marks	values that do not change. Passes are incorrect if display is indicated.		je.
	0	999	0		(1)	 Display must be after the final pass (on a separate 		
	355	355	355		(1)	line in the table).		
	554		554		(1)			
	199	199			(1)			
	409				(1)			
				199 554	(1)			
1	I						1 1	

Q6.

Question Number	Answer	-			Additional Guidance	Mark	
(i)				g all variable bass through			
	num	x	у	Display		 Passes are incorrect if display is indicated. 	
	0 999 0		(1)	Display must be after the final pass (on a separate line in the table)			
	355	355	355		(1)		
	554		554		(1)		
	199	199			(1)		
	409				(1)		
			199 554	(1)		6	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	To identify the minimum/lowest number and the maximum/highest number (1)		1

Q7.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
(i)	An explanation such as:	
	 Using normal division results in real numbers (1) which when rounded to two decimal places could result in errors / pence that don't add up to 100 / the machine might give incorrect amount of change (1) Amount has been converted into whole numbers of pence therefore the calculations need to produce a remainder in whole numbers of pence (1) and the correct number of notes and coins (1) 	2

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
(ii)	One mark for each part of the logic illustrated in the overall flow	
		5

pence	tens	fives	ones	fiftyP	twentyP	tenP	fiveP	
1755	1							(1)
755		1						
255			2					(1)
55				1				
5					0			(1)
5						0		
5							1	(1)
0								(1)

Q8.

Question Number	Ansv	ver	Additional Guidance	Mark
(i)				
	Program feature	Line number(s)		
	Indentation	14 - 17 / 14 (1)		
	Iteration	13 - 18 / 13 (1)		
	Comments	2/3/4(1)		
	Data structure	7 / 14 / 15 (1)		
				4

Question Number			Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark		
(ii)		ne mark fo riable cha	or each correct ro inge.	 Layout utilising additional rows accepted. 			
		count	sales[count]	lowest	boxID		
		0		100	0		
			55	55			
		1	65				
		2	40	40	2		
		3	45				
	'						5